

# Digestive System WS 2

Read pages 475 - 480 and answer the following questions.

1. The author of your book describes the small intestine as being \_\_\_\_\_ like.
2. Which of the three sections of the small intestine is the longest?
3. The ileum meets the large intestine at the \_\_\_\_\_ valve.
4. The majority of \_\_\_\_\_ digestion takes place in the small intestine.
5. What does "pyloric sphincter" stand for and how is its name related to its function.
6. What ducts meet at the hepatopancreatic ampulla?
7. Explain why the small intestine is so well suited for its function.
8. Where can large collections of lymphatic tissue be found in the small intestine and why are they located there?
9. The large intestine extends from the \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The voluntary anal sphincter is on the \_\_\_\_\_ while the involuntary one is on the \_\_\_\_\_.
11. What does the term masticate mean?

12. What does the term deciduous mean?

13. Baby teeth begin coming in at the age of \_\_\_\_\_ and are a complete set at age \_\_\_\_\_.

14. The third molars are commonly known as \_\_\_\_\_.

15. How many teeth are in a complete set?

16. What are the four classifications of teeth and what is the function of each?

17. What are the two major regions of a tooth?

18. The enamel is hardened with what?

19. Most of the tooth is made of what substance?

20. What is the pulp and what is its purpose?